



1713

In the United States Patent and Trademark Office

Applicants:	Alison Bagwell et al.	Docket	15260
Serial No.:	09/702,093	Group:	1713
Confirmation No:	7880	Examiner:	Reddick, Marie L.
Filed:	October 30, 2000	Date:	May 10, 2002

12/c

For: COATING FOR TREATING SUBSTRATES FOR INK JET PRINTING INCLUDING IMBIBING SOLUTION FOR ENHANCED IMAGE VISUALIZATION AND RETENTION, METHOD FOR TREATING SAID SUBSTRATES, AND ARTICLES PRODUCED THEREFROM

Preliminary Amendment

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS
Washington, D.C. 20231

RECEIVED
MAY 31 2002
TC 1700

Sir:

It is respectfully requested that the Examiner amend the specification and claims of the instant application as indicated below to correct.

In the Specification

Please amend the specification to read as follows:

COPY OF PAPERS
ORIGINALLY FILED

At p.3, line 17 - 20

C1 Use of cationic polymers as part of a latex saturant in a hydroentangled fibrous web is disclosed in PCT US 98 11712 to Harris et al., which was published as WO 99/00541. As described in WO99/00541, latex saturation is typically followed by a drying step or other curing aids.

At p.13, line 18 25

C2 The higher the delta E, the greater the change in color intensity. Unless the color's intensity is increased by a curing step, a large increase in delta E would typically be indicative of fading. The testing was in accordance with ASTM DM 224-93 and ASTM #308-90. Where values for delta E are less than 3.0, it is generally accepted that such color change cannot be observed with the human eye. A detailed description of spectrophotometer testing is available in the Technical Manual of the American Association of Textile Chemists and Colorists, Volume 74, 1999, by AATCC (American Association of Textile chemists & Colorists).